

## RUMORS RUN DOWN.

A Few Wild Washington Stories Easily Branded.

Carlisle and His Fight With Millionaires.

THEY WANTED BONDS

But He Resolutely Stood Up Against Them.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—[Special.]—Now we are having another whirl at the Hawaiian question. They are at it both here and in Congress. Not for many years has an international episode so stirred the American capital. It is not the importance of the matter, but its strong political bearing that fires up the dry bones and puts every one on the qui vive for the latest development. When the Civilian case was up for consideration by Congress, or the trouble with Luis over the New Orleans lynchings, there was not a tenth part the interest than there is at the present moment in the fate of the longer issue and of the policy which Mr. Cleveland and his secretary of state attempted to put into execution at Hawaii, notwithstanding the fact that either of those troubles might easily have involved us in a war-like way. This has been altogether an abnormal sort of episode.

The unexpected has happened in every direction and at every turn of the box. In the first place, the president was not expected to take the policy which he has attempted to pursue. Then it was expected that he would succeed in his policy without any resistance. Finally it was believed that, after the lead had been given, the country would adopt a more stringent course for the expression of its disapproval.

A Passing Episode.

There are signs that the administration is playing for very safety. The president does not yet dare to expose matters to the nation or the world will be disturbed by the tariff or by other measures, so that the Hawaiian episode will be the more safely forgotten. That is the best way out of the difficulty which the administration can now see. With the removal of the Hawaiian discussion have come rumors that the president is about to throw his weight of state overboard. The rumors have been growing—not being given as fact in a rumor—but the entire cabinet is to be reorganized, and that Secretary Carlisle is to be relieved, Mr. Gresham and perhaps Mr. Olney and Secretary Smith is to return to private life.

Your correspondent has heretofore had occasion to remark that there is no foundation for these rumors so far as the secretary of state, the secretary of the interior and the secretary of the treasury are concerned. If Mr. Olney were to retire, it would be at his own request, and if that occurs at all it will not be for long time to come. As to Secretary Gresham, while opinions differ vastly as to the wisdom of his Hawaiian recommendations, there is no difference of opinion as to his able management of the affairs of the state department in other directions.

so, but tradition prompts it, and the practice has come to be almost an unwritten law. Even if one or two vacancies occur during the term of President Cleveland, it will be only by a rare chance that they happen in the circuits in which Gresham and Carlisle live. All the discussion there has been of putting Gresham and Carlisle on the bench has been in the newspapers and not in the White House.

### TODAY'S SENATE.

What Was Done This Afternoon Up to the Adjournment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Senator Chandler introduced a resolution in the senate today directing the committee on judiciary to inquire and report to the senate their opinion as to the cases in which the president may send to foreign nations agents, representatives or commissioners without the advice or consent of the senate, and whether or not there was constitutional authority for the appointment in March last without advice and consent of the Senate of Mr. Blount to the Hawaiian Islands, with the power conferred upon him by the letter of appointment and such other authorities as were given to him.

He asked immediate consideration, but Senator Gorman objected.

The chair laid before the senate the resolution of Senator Hoar, introduced last week, calling upon the secretary of the treasury to report the amount of money that had been paid to James H. Blount, and from what fund and by what authority.

"I move to refer the resolution to the committee on foreign affairs," said Senator Gorman. After some debate it was done.

Oliver Sumner Teal, who is at the head of the Provisional committee to provide for the destitute, stated to the committee today that the money must be forthcoming from the pockets of the wealthy, or there would be a "crisis" soon.

S. L. Conder, chairman of the subcommittee on facts, gives a summary of the statistics gathered by the board of health, showing that a conservative estimate of the unemployed placed the number at 78,000. "Our report shows," says Mr. Teal, "that work must be provided for 80,000 wage earners, or food for 240,000 people, as each wage earner on an average supports two others. This means that at least 480,000 meals a day must be forthcoming. The prospect is appalling. The Tammany Hall collects funds, large as it is, on the basis of a five-cent meal wouldn't last three days after the crisis comes, and it will come very soon, for the unemployed have very little left to live on."

The World was reopened, and was making free bread fund, which last summer stopped the rising clamor of anarchy with food, and saved hundreds of human beings from suffering and death. Over 250,000 loaves were distributed freely to all comers the first day.

In connection with the announcement the World prints a table compiled by delegates of all the labor organizations of the city showing that there are over 100,000 persons out of work in this city.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is not an anarchist. No man has more accurate information. Said he to the reporters:

"My estimate is that 125,000 people are out of work in New York city."

"Men, women and children?"

"Men, women and children. It is a horrible state of affairs."

"Is that a high or low estimate?"

"It is a most conservative estimate," said he. "It is low, sir, very low." He repeated with emphasis, "I have not the slightest doubt that I have underestimated the number."

George A. McKay is a deputy factory inspector in the sub-office of Inspector Connolly at Astor place. His duties as inspector lately have given him an unusual scope for observation on the lower East Side, where every man and woman is a garment maker. His estimate of the number of unemployed last Tuesday was 110,000.

It is rather significant that hundreds of millions of dollars are piled up in the banks of this city, while hundreds of thousands of people are without food.

Mayor Gilroy has called a conference of prominent citizens to take action.

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The Mother of Four Children Driven to Death by Poverty.

New York, Jan. 8.—This is the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, an event which not only gave eternal fame to the beautiful Crescent City of the south, but has tended toward immortalizing Andrew Jackson, and enshrining his name in the hearts of the American people.

Throughout the length and breadth of the land that memorable conflict will be remembered tonight, and ready to be drunk to the immortal memory of Old Hickory. In this city there will be numerous banquets in honor of the day and the event.

At the Hoffman House the members of the Anti-Slavery Democratic association will cross their limbs under the numinous protection of President Evan Thomas in the chancery, and Vice-President Williamson, Governor Flanner, Congressman William L. Wilson of West Virginia, W. Bourke Cockran of this city, and Major General Morgan of Maryland, will be among the orators.

**AT NEW ORLEANS.**

New Orleans, La., Jan. 8.—The Crescent City is holding high carnival today in honor of the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans. The clubs gave receptions this afternoon, and this evening the Daughters of the Louisiana Council of the Society of 1776 and 1812 will keep open house. This celebration will commemorate not only the signal victory of Old Hickory, but the establishment of a general society of the daughters for the United States.

**IRRIGATION FIGURES.**

Only Ten Per Cent of Government Lands Can Be Made Arable.

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In fact there is not a sufficient supply of water to irrigate completely an area equal to that which has passed into the hands of individuals and corporations.

There are, however, localities where

thousands of acres can be profitably irrigated by the construction of dams and irrigating canals.

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A Denver Minister Says These Churches Will Split.

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## MUST FEED THEM.

Appalling Figures of Destitution in New York.

Provisional Committee Compelled to Feed 240,000,

**OR THERE'LL BE RIOTS**

Millions in the Banks and

Thousands Starving.

New York, Jan. 8.—New York is in fearful straits owing to the overwhelming destitution that prevails among the unemployed. It is estimated that \$20,000 a day will not be sufficient to provide with decent food the 240,000 people who are without food.

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